## **Information Sheet 1**

## STATIONARY SANDER SAFETY RULES

Although sanding machines are relatively safe, you must never think that they cannot inflict serious injury. Treat them with respect and observe the following safety rules.

- 1. Follow all General Shop Safety Rules.
- 2. On a Spindle Sander, be sure mandrel is secure in tapered spindle socket before starting machine. Use hand pressure only. Some spindle mandrels are held in with a screw. Identify how the spindle is held in. In our lab, we have 2 different types. In our lab, DO NOT INTERCHANGE SPINDLES between machines!
- 3. On a Spindle Sander, be sure the table insert is the correct size for the mandrel being used.
- 4. Keep hands clear of moving abrasive mandrel.
- 5. Do not force the stock into the abrasive. LIGHT pressure should be sufficient.
- 6. When finished using any sander, clean the abrasive with a rubber cleaning block and dust off the area so it is ready for the next user.
- 7. Wear eye and hearing protection
- 8. Keep the work area clear of debris
- 9. Make sure the dust-extracting system is turned on and connected to the sander
- 10. Make sure the belt tracks properly
- 11. On a disk sander, use only the side of the disk that travels downward
- 12. Whenever possible, use the table to support your work
- 13. Replace worn abrasives
- 14. Never use a sanding machine that has a torn belt or ripped sandpaper disk, as your work could get caught and kick back
- 15. Remove any jewelry, tie back long hair, and beware of loose clothing.
- 16. Keep your fingers away from the moving belt or disk, as sanding wounds must grow back rather than just heal
- 17. Use a brush to clean debris from sanding machines, do not use your hands
- 18. Never leave a sanding machine until it is turned off and comes to a full stop
- 19. Make sure a sanding belt travels in the correct direction; Some belts are bi-directional. If a belt has a direction of travel, arrows on the back of the belt will usually indicate so.